

Steven Pancio, M.D. www.PancioOrthopedics.com

# Meniscus transplant

# I) <u>Weeks 0-6:</u>

- · Restrictions:
  - 1) Immobilizer must be on at all times when walking.
  - 2) PWB with the knee in full extension using crutches
- · Goals:
  - 1) Active ROM: 0-90 degree maximum.
  - 2) Reduce muscle atrophy.
  - 3) Reduce swelling.

· Outcome measures at initial visit:

- 1) PSFS: Patient specific functional scale.
- 2) LEFS: Lower extremity functional scale.
- · Anti-edema
  - 1) Ice/Cryotherapy multiple times during the day
  - 2) Compression with TubiGrip/TEDS
- · Therapy/Exercises examples:
  - 1) ROM (limit 90 degree max):
    - a. Long sitting heel slides.
    - b. Hook lying h eel slides.
    - c. Prone knee flexion.
    - d. Supine wall slides.
    - e. Supine knee extension with towel under ankle.

- f. Prone hangs.
- g. Patellar mobilizations.
- h. Thigh and hip soft tissue mobilization.

## 2) Core work examples:

- a. Crunches.
- b. Prone superman.
- c. Oblique Crunches.
- d. Prone plank with immobilizer on.
- e. Side plank with immobilizer on.

## 3) Hip work examples:

- a. Gluteal sets.
- b. Belt abduction isometrics.
- c. Pillow adductor squeezes.
- d. Straight leg raises as comfort allows.
  - (a) Flexion.
  - (b) Abduction.
  - (c) Extension.
  - (d) Adduction.
- e. Prone heel squeeze.
- f. Standing hip Theraband in all planes.

#### 4) Lower extremity exercise examples:

- a. Quad sets.
- b. Hamstring sets.
- c. Ankle DF and PF isometrics against crutch.
- d. Ankle Theraband in all planes as comfort allows.

# II) Weeks 6 to 14:

- · Restrictions:
  - 1) Progress to WBAT (wean crutches)
  - 2) No jogging/sport activity

# $\cdot$ Goals:

- 1) Reduce effusion
- 2) Full ROM
- 3) Minimize hip, core and lower extremity atrophy
- Therapy/Exercise examples:
  - 1) ROM (No limit):
    - a. Long sitting heel slides.

- b. Hook lying heel slides.
- c. Prone knee flexion.
- d. Supine wall slides.
- e. Supine knee extension with towel under ankle.
- f. Prone hangs.
- g. Patellar mobilizations.
- h. Thigh and hip soft tissue mobilization.
- 2) Gait training:
  - a. Weight shifts.
    - (a) Side to side.
    - (b) Forwards and back.
    - (c) Single leg stance.
      - (i) Advance to cushion, ½ roll, ball catches.
  - b. Gait mechanics training.
    - (a) High knees.
    - (b) Big steps.
    - (c) Side shuffle walking speed.
    - (d) Carioca walking speed.
- 3) Core work examples:
  - a. Upper back six pack on ball.
  - b. Prone walk out on ball.
  - c. Side crunch on ball.
  - d. Continued plank work.
- 4) Hip work/lower extremity work examples:
  - a. Continued Standing hip Theraband in all planes.
  - b. As weight bearing comfort allows: (85 degree knee flexion limit)
    - (a) Step ups.
    - (b) Mini lunge.
    - (c) Mini squat.
    - (d) Wall squat.
    - (e) Wall squat with tubing valgus stress.
- 5) Aerobic conditioning:
  - a. When walking with normal gait mechanics.
  - b. Build up to 30 minutes of non-impact conditioning.
  - c. Knee flexion angles do not exceed 90 degrees.
    - (a) Elliptical trainer.
    - (b) Stairmaster.
    - (c) Standard stationary bike.

#### III) Weeks 14 to 22:

· Restrictions:

1) No loading at flexion angles greater than 90 degrees

· Goals:

1) Full active range of motion

2) No effusion

3) Improved core and hip strength and endurance

· Outcome measures at final visit:

1) PSFS: Patient specific functional scale.

2) LEFS: Lower extremity functional scale.

 $\cdot$  Weight bearing:

1) Maximize proprioceptive training:

- a. Cushion work.
- b. Bosu ball.
- c. ½ roll.
- d. Sport specific:
  - (a) Ball catches.
  - (b) Ball throws.
  - (c) Stick handling.
- e. Home "Y-balance".
- · Therapy/Exercises:
  - 1) Core work examples:
    - a. Upper back six pack on ball.
    - b. Prone walk out on ball.
    - c. Side crunch on ball.
    - d. Continued plank work.
    - e. Back bridge single arm dumbbell fly.
    - f. Bridge.
    - g. Quadruped hip extension.
    - h. Quadruped bird dog.
  - 2) Hip work/lower extremity work examples: a.

Continued Standing hip Theraband in all planes. b. Seated hip IR and ER against Theraband.

c. 85 degree knee flexion limit)

- (a) Step ups with dumbbells.
- (b) RNT step ups.
- (c) Mini lunge with dumbbells.

(i) Two dumbbells.

- (ii) One dumbbell in either hand.
- (d) Sumo squat with weight elevated on boxes.
- (e) Wall squat with tubing valgus stress.
- (f) Hockey side lunge.
- (g) Limited range dead lift.
- 3) Aerobic conditioning:

a. When walking with normal gait mechanics. b. Build up to 30 minutes of non-impact conditioning. c. Knee flexion angles do not exceed 90 degrees. (a) Elliptical trainer.

(b) Stairmaster.

(c) Standard stationary bike.